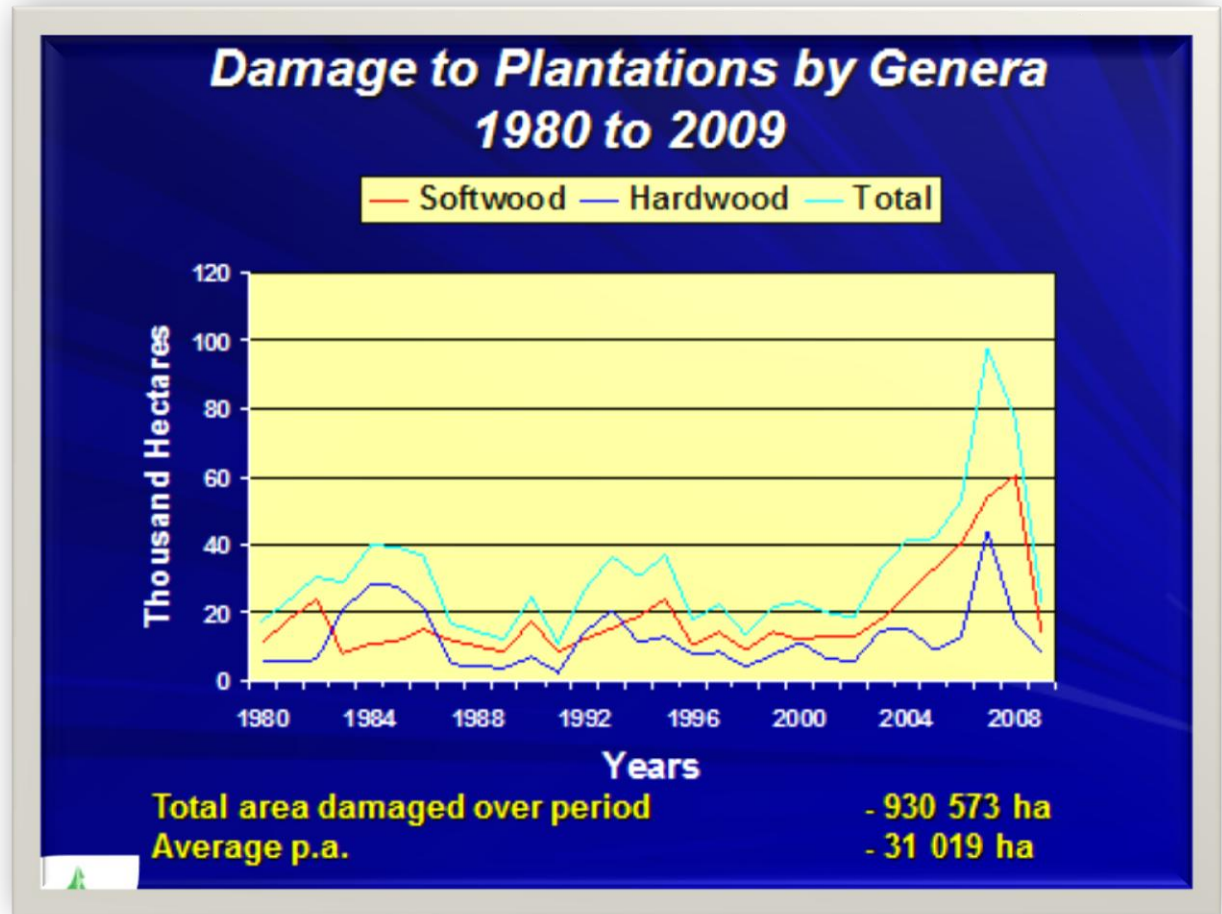
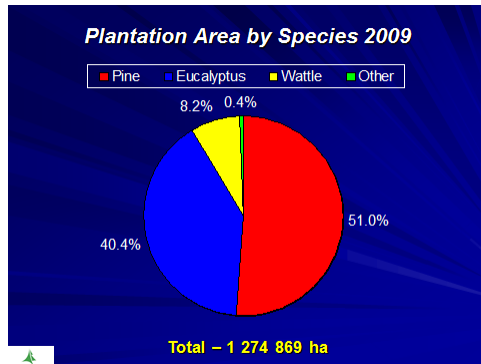


# Forest Biofuels: A Green Resource?



Fire Hazard Implications when using  
Plantation Biomass

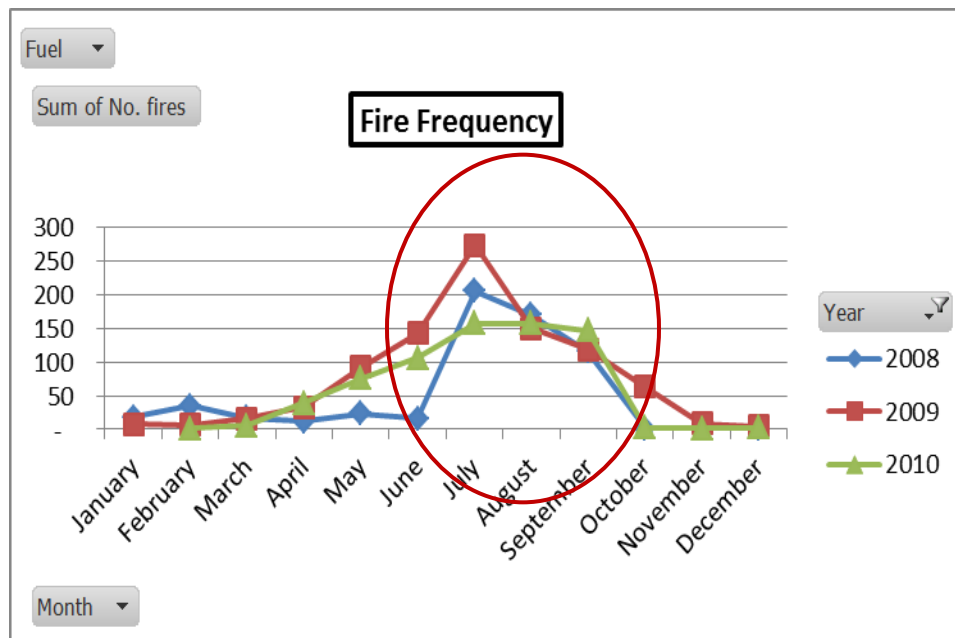


# RSA Fire Damage area





# Fire statistics (KZN)

Sum of No. fires	Year 			
Month 	2008	2009	2010	Grand Total
January	18	8		26
February	35	7	2	44
March	17	16	6	39
April	12	33	39	84
May	23	92	76	191
June	16	143	106	265
July	205	273	157	635
August	170	150	157	477
September	115	119	147	381
October	1	63	3	67
November	1	9	1	11
December	2	5	3	10
Grand Total	615	918	697	2 230



# Causes and cost to contain fires

Sum of Total cost	Year 			
<b>Cause</b> 	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>Grand Total</b>
Brushwood	<b>2 584</b>	<b>64 936</b>	<b>168 248</b>	235 768
Firebreak	<b>94 705</b>	<b>70 653</b>	<b>410 452</b>	575 810
Flare-up	<b>166 428</b>	<b>180 308</b>	<b>247 352</b>	594 088
Suspected grazing		<b>24 630</b>	<b>290 512</b>	315 142
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>263 717</b>	<b>340 527</b>	<b>1 116 564</b>	1 720 808

Fuel reduction



# Fuel types

Fuel reduction methode		1 hour	10 hour	100 hour	1000 hour
Weeding	2-20 t/ha				
Grazing	2-20 t/ha				
Fire break burning	2-20 t/ha				
Under canopy burning	16 t/ha				
Muching	20-80 t/ha				
Fire wood collection	20-80 t/ha				
Burn after harvesting	60-400t/ha				
Biomass removal at harvesting	60-400t/ha				

Litter	% total weight
Leaves	6.0
Bark	17.6
Capsules	4.0
Br. & Twig	31.3
Duff	41.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>



# All about fuel



## Fuel reduction

- Weeding
- Mulching
- Slashing
- Grazing

## Fuel removal

- Slash burning after harvesting
- Under canopy burning Pine/Gum
- Fire wood collection
- Fire break burning

New tendency is to create strategically placed low fuel load zones (Buffer Zones) to reduce the rate of spread

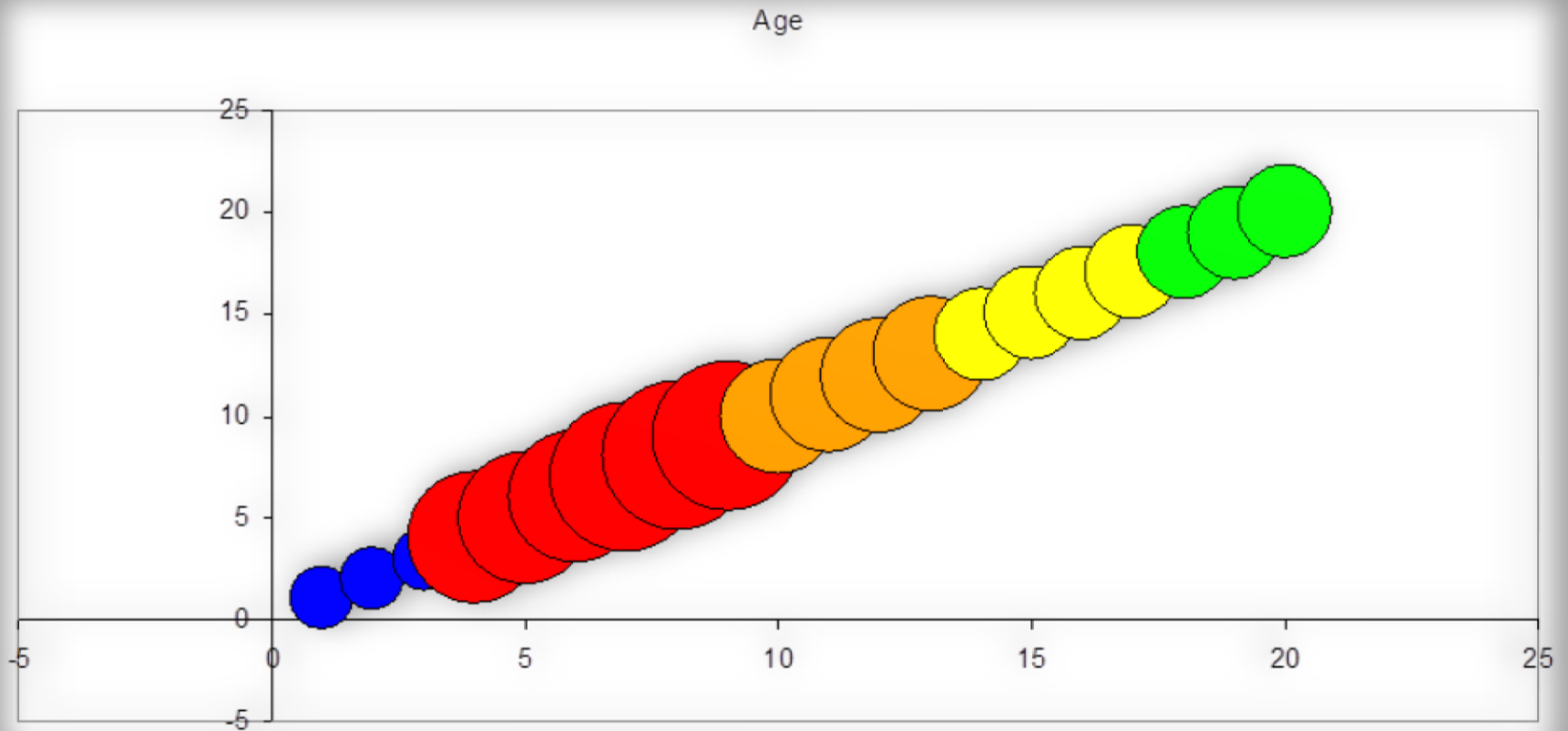


Plantation Fire Risk  
Management





# Critical age class



# Fuel management mulching



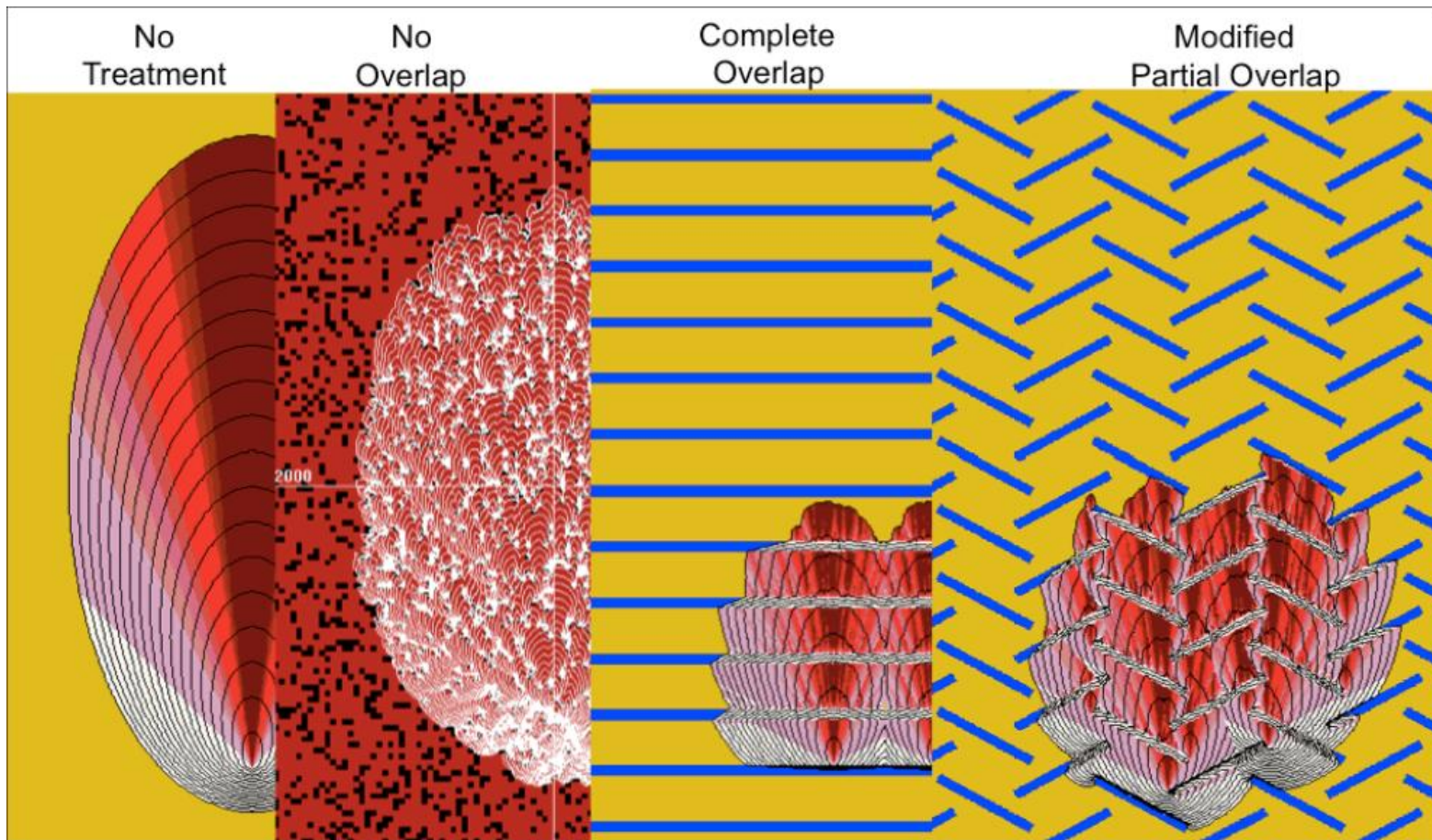


# Fuel management burning

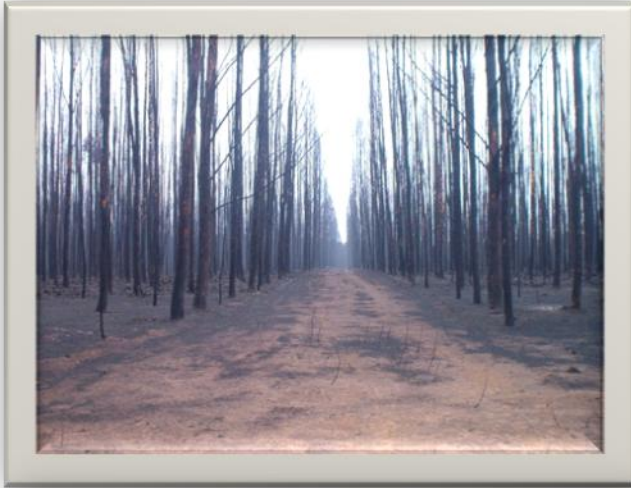




# Impact of Buffer zones on ROS



# To avoid .....





# Management impact



## Silviculture practices

- Pruning
- Coppicing
- Delayed weeding



Increase 1-10 hour fuels in plantations



# Standard practice – Burning after harvesting

## ► Benefits

- Cost effective
- Clean site to establish

## ► Concerns

- Damage to site
- Air pollution
- Risk of run away fires
- Prohibition period (Nov– May)
- TU – 7 months





# Opportunity for Bio fuel harvesting

- ▶ With clearfelling operations
- ▶ Salvage operations after fire damage
- ▶ Clearing of overgrown conservation areas





**Pre- Fire**

Plantation Fire Risk  
Management





# Is this what we have in mind ?





# Available biomass after clearfelling



# Implications when using Biomass at harvesting

## ► Silviculture

- Reduced TU period
- Less weed infestation ?
- Cheaper establishment

## ► Fire hazards

- Less high fuel during winter
- Low fire intensity
- Low ROS
- Easy to contain
- Cheaper mopping up cost
- Overall fuel load reduce
- Mosaic of low fuel loads
  - Rate of spread
- 





# Concerns

- ▶ Harvesting systems must change
- ▶ Cost implications
- ▶ Logistics to deal with volume
- ▶ Lead time to get site cleared



# In conclusion

- ▶ Bio fuel utilisation holds opportunities in:
  - Reestablishment
  - Fire management
- ▶ Harvesting and Silviculture systems require integration.
- ▶ Harvesting systems need to be adapted to allow cost effective removal of biomass
- ▶ Will have to change to whole tree harvesting systems with processing on roadside/depot



# Thank You

